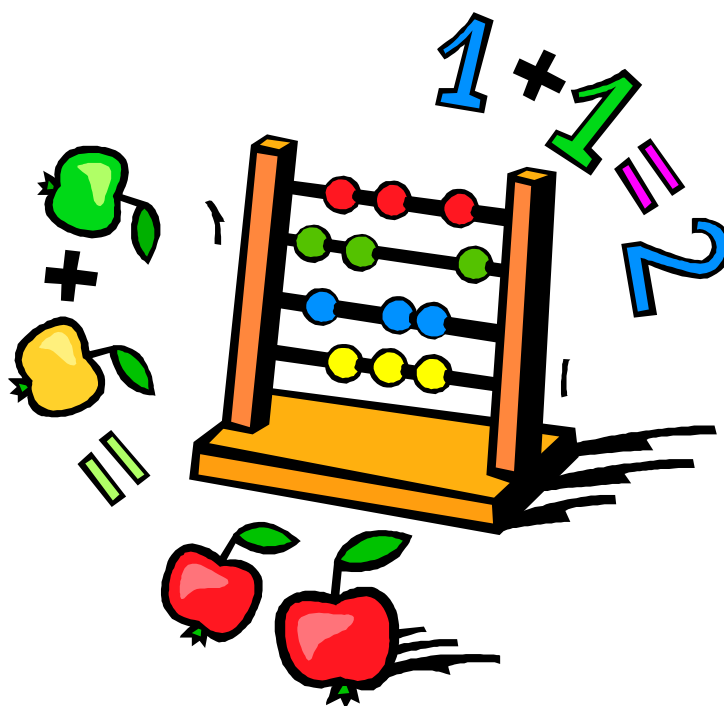


End of Grade 2 I.R.P.

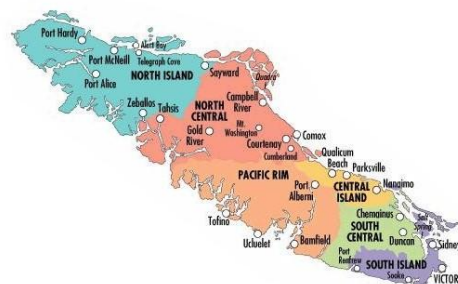
Beginning of Grade 3

Diagnostic Math Assessment

Last updated: February 5, 2008



WNCP
Edition



1) The number **sixty-five** can be written as:

- A 5
- B 6
- C 65
- D 605

2) 20, 18, 16, 14, _____, _____, _____

If the pattern continues, the next numbers will be...

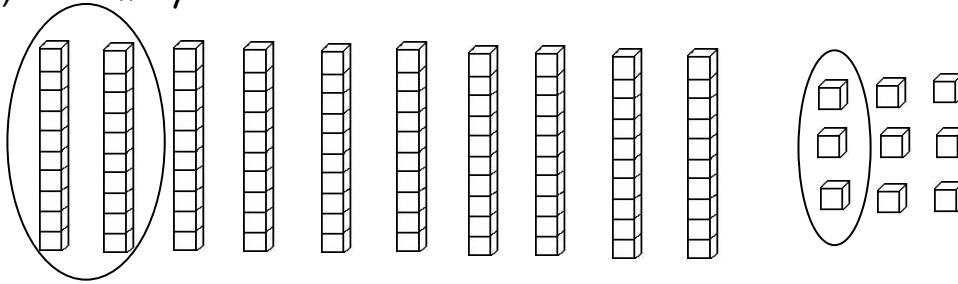
- A 16, 18, 20
- B 15, 16, 17
- C 12, 10, 8
- D 12, 8, 4

3) 60, 65, 70, 75, _____, _____, _____

If the pattern continues, the next numbers will be...

- A 70, 65, 60
- B 80, 85, 90
- C 85, 90, 100
- D 85, 95, 105

4) How many blocks are circled?



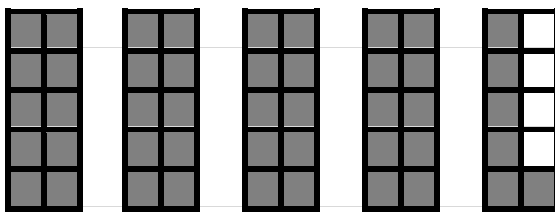
- A 3
- B 13
- C 23
- D 32

5) About how many people can fit in 2 cars if everyone wears a seatbelt?

- A 2
- B 10
- C 20
- D 30

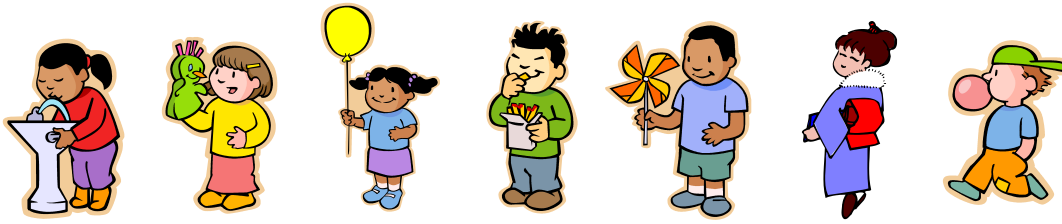


6) How many? _____



- A 10
- B 16
- C 46
- D 64

7) Seven children line up for a drink.



Morgan

Liam

Alison

Travis

Michael

Kay

Matt

Morgan is first (1st) in line at the fountain.

Which child is fifth (5th) in line from the fountain?

- A Alison
- B Kay
- C Matt
- D Michael

8) Rides at the fair cost 3 tickets.
Ben wanted to go on four rides.
How many tickets did Ben need?

- A 3
- B 7
- C 9
- D 12

9) 3, 7, 11, 15, _____, _____, _____, _____.

If the pattern continues, the next numbers will be...

- A 11, 7, 3, 1
- B 16, 17, 18, 19
- C 17, 19, 21, 23
- D 19, 23, 27, 31

10) Allan has 9 nickels.



How much money does he have altogether?

- A 9 ¢
- B 40 ¢
- C 45 ¢
- D 90 ¢

11) Which is a set of all even numbers?

- A 5, 13, 47, 89
- B 12, 13, 14, 15
- C 17, 50, 61, 83
- D 24, 38, 80, 86

12) Put these numbers in order from least to greatest.

53	48	40
51	47	42

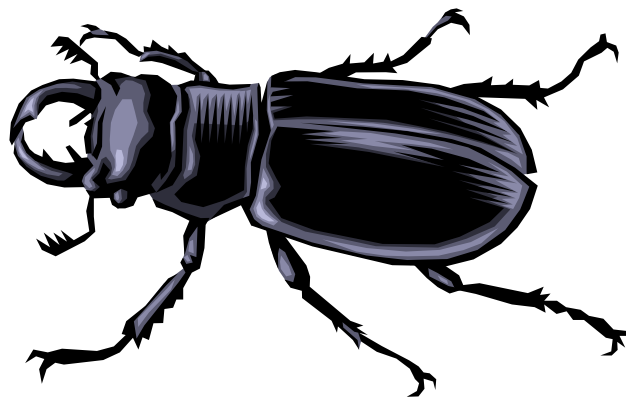
- A 40, 42, 47, 48, 53, 51
- B 40, 42, 47, 48, 51, 53
- C 53, 51, 40, 42, 47, 48
- D 53, 51, 48, 47, 42, 40

13) How many days in 1 week?

- A 4
- B 7
- C 30
- D 52

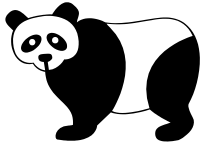
14) Estimate the length of this bug in units

◆ —◆ = 1 unit



- A 4 units
- B 10 units
- C 15 units
- D 30 units

- 15) Bill has to organize the animals from lightest to heaviest.
What would be the correct order?



bear



bird



cat



dog

- A bird, bear, dog, cat
- B cat, dog, bird, bear
- C bird, cat, dog, bear
- D dog, bear, cat, bird

- 16) How many months in 1 year?





- A 7
- B 10
- C 12
- D 52

- 17) Janis' birthday is on July 20th.
What day of the week is her birthday?

- A Friday
- B Saturday
- C Sunday
- D Monday

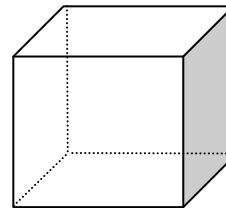
July						
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

- 18) Which item is closest in mass to a box of crayons?

- A chair 
- B deck of cards 
- C pencil 
- D dog 

- 19) How many faces are on the cube below?

- A 4
- B 6
- C 8
- D 12



Use this graph to answer the next 3 questions.

Favourite sports

😊 = 1 person



20) What was the favourite sport?

- A Hockey 
- B Baseball 
- C Basketball 
- D Soccer 

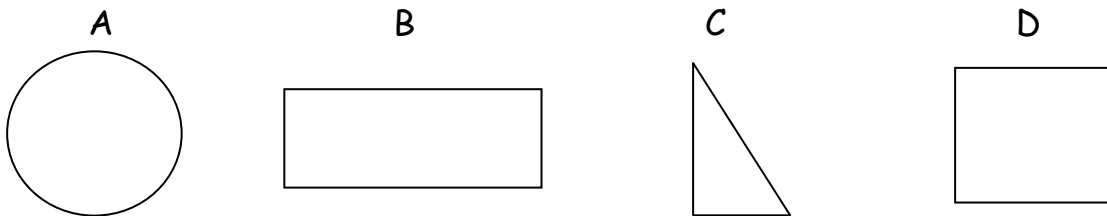
21) How many students liked  baseball and  hockey altogether?

- A 13
- B 11
- C 6
- D 5

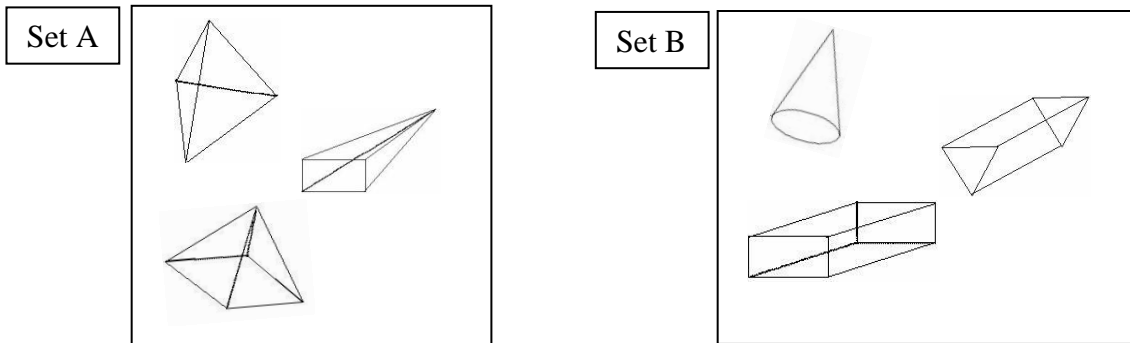
22) How many more students liked  soccer than  basketball?

- A 1
- B 5
- C 6
- D 13

23) Which of these shapes is a triangle?



24) Katie sorted these shapes into 2 sets.



Which shape belongs to set A?

- A 
- B 
- C 
- D 

■ End of Multiple Choice Questions ■

Problem Solving Section

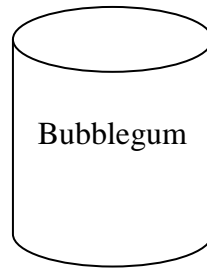
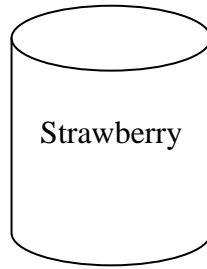
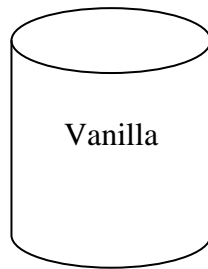
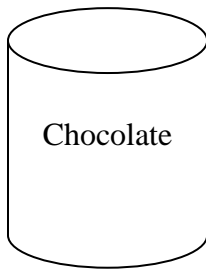
25) Ann has  quarters,  dimes, and  nickels.

Show all the different ways she can make 30¢.

26) An ice cream stand has 4 flavours.

Tim wants 2 different flavours of ice cream on his ice cream cone.

Show all the ways Tim can make his ice cream cone.



BASIC MATH COMPUTATION from Grade 2

$8 + 9 =$	$18 - 9 =$	$13 - 5 =$	$23 + 10 =$
$17 + 12 =$	$49 - 13 =$	$54 - 27 =$	$37 + 38 =$
$15 - 0 =$	$16 + 79 =$	$416 + 222 =$	$42 - 23 =$

Answer Key

1. C (Number)
2. C (Patterns & Relations)
3. B (Patterns & Relations)
4. C (Number)
5. B (Number)
6. C (Number)
7. D (Number)
8. D (Number)
9. D (Patterns & Relations)
10. C (Patterns & Relations)
11. D (Number)
12. B (Number)
13. B (Shape & Space)
14. B (Shape & Space)
15. C (Shape & Space)
16. C (Shape & Space)
17. B (Shape & Space)
18. B (Shape & Space)
19. B (Shape & Space)
20. D (Statistics & Probability)
21. B (Statistics & Probability)
22. B (Statistics & Probability)
23. C (Shape & Space)
24. D (Shape & Space)

25.

25¢	10¢	5¢
1	0	1
0	3	0
0	2	2
0	1	4
0	0	6

1	2	3	4
Some attempt but no correct answer	1 correct way	2 or 3 correct ways	4 - 5 correct ways

26. Combinations

C,B
 C,V
 C,S
 B,V
 B,S
 S,V

Please note a similar but more difficult question is also in the grade 4 test.

1	2	3	4
A start beyond copying that shows some understanding (draws a 2 scoop cone)	1 or 2 correct combinations (not counting reversals)	3 or 4 correct combinations not counting reversals	5 or 6 correct combinations not counting reversals

Basic Math Computations

17	9	8	33
29	36	27	75
15	95	638	19

Quick Scale: Grade 2 Numeracy

This Quick Scale is a summary of the criteria described in detail in the Rating Scale that follows. These criteria may apply at any time of the year, depending when specific skills or concepts are introduced.

Aspect	Not Yet Within Expectations	Meets Expectations (Minimal Level)	Fully Meets Expectations	Exceeds Expectations
Snapshot	The student may be unable to complete the task in a reasonable amount of time without one-to-one help.	Most parts of the basic task are correct; some errors or omissions. The student may have difficulty explaining the result. May need some assistance.	In familiar situations, the student completes all parts of the basic task accurately and can explain the result. May need occasional consultation.	The student completes all parts of the task accurately and efficiently and explains the result. May develop an extension or alternative method.
Concepts and Applications* <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ recognizing mathematics ▪ grade-specific concepts, skills ▪ patterns, relationships 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Has difficulty seeing the relevance or application of mathematics to everyday problems. ▪ Needs one-to-one support to select and apply appropriate processes ▪ Estimates and predictions are often guesses or wishes; may be very illogical 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ If prompted, identifies ways to use mathematics in problems similar to those previously encountered ▪ In simple, familiar situations, can select and apply most appropriate processes; some errors ▪ In familiar situations, most estimates and predictions are within the bounds of logic 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ With some support, identifies ways to apply mathematics to everyday problems ▪ In familiar situations, selects and applies appropriate processes to solve simple problems; minor errors ▪ In familiar, relatively simple situations, estimates and predictions are logical 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ May independently find ways to apply mathematics to everyday problems ▪ Selects and applies appropriate processes to solve simple problems; efficient ▪ Makes logical estimates and predictions in both familiar and unfamiliar situations.
Strategies and Approaches <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ procedures ▪ estimates to verify solutions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ requires extensive support to follow modeled procedures and complete tasks ▪ unable to verify answers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ attempts to follow modeled procedures; may confuse order ▪ needs help to verify answers; estimates may be illogical 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ follows modeled procedures ▪ with prompting, verifies answers or results with estimations or a calculator 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ follows modeled procedures; may find an alternative or shortcut ▪ may independently verify answers or results
Accuracy <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ recording, calculations 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ often includes major errors in recording or calculations 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ some recording or calculation errors 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ recording and calculations are generally accurate; may be minor errors 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ recording and calculations are generally accurate; may use mental math
Representation and Communication <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ representing numbers ▪ explaining procedures, results 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ work may be unclear, confusing, or presented in an inconsistent format ▪ unable to explain or demonstrate how to complete the task 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ work is generally clear; may be confusing to follow in some places ▪ with prompting, repeats some basic explanations given by the teacher 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ work is generally clear, easy to follow; may be messy in places ▪ repeats explanations or demonstrations given by the teacher 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ work is clear; easy to follow ▪ explains processes and results in own words; demonstrates strategies and processes used

* You may want to list key curriculum concepts or skills for a particular task.
